



## AssayMax Human Complement C3 ELISA Kit

Catalog Number EC2101-1

### Introduction

Complement protein C3 is the fourth component to attach in the complement reaction sequence. It is a beta-globulin with a sedimentation coefficient of 5.5 and a molecular weight of 185,000. C3 is a central molecule in the complement system whose activation is essential for all the important functions performed by this system (1). C3 can promote phagocytosis during an inflammatory response against pathogens, but unregulated activation of C3 could lead to host cell damage (2). Low level of serum C3 associates with hypocomplementaemia (3), primary biliary cirrhosis (4).

### Principal of the Assay

The AssayMax Human Complement C3 ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is designed for detection of human complement C3 in plasma, serum and cell culture supernatants. This assay employs a quantitative competitive sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique that measures human complement C3 in less than 3 hours. A polyclonal antibody specific for human complement C3 has been pre-coated onto a 96-well microplate with removable strips. complement C3 in standards and samples is competed by a biotinylated complement C3 sandwiched by the immobilized antibody and streptavidin-peroxidase conjugate. All unbound material is then washed away and a peroxidase enzyme substrate is added. The color development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured.

### Caution and Warning

- This kit is for research use only.
- The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date.
- The Stop Solution is an acid solution.

### Reagents

- **Human Complement C3 Microplate:** A 96-well polystyrene microplate (12 strips of 8 wells) coated with a polyclonal antibody against human complement C3.
- **Sealing Tapes:** Each kit contains 3 pre-cut, pressure-sensitive sealing tapes that can be cut to fit the format of the individual assay.
- **Human Complement C3 Standard:** Human Complement C3 in a buffered protein base (120 µg, lyophilized).

- **Biotinylated Complement C3:** 1 vial, lyophilized.
- **Streptavidin-Peroxidase Conjugate (SP Conjugate):** A 100-fold concentrate (90  $\mu$ l).
- **MIX Diluent Concentrate (10x):** A 10-fold concentrated buffered protein base (30 ml).
- **Wash Buffer Concentrate (10x):** A 10-fold concentrated buffered surfactant (2 x 30 ml).
- **Chromogen Substrate:** A ready-to-use stabilized peroxidase chromogen substrate tetramethylbenzidine (8 ml).
- **Stop Solution:** A 0.5 N hydroxychloric acid (12 ml) to stop the chromogen substrate reaction.

## Storage Condition

- Store unopened kit at 2-8<sup>0</sup>C up to expiration date.
- Opened reagents may be stored for up to 1 month at 2-8<sup>0</sup>C. Store reconstituted standard and Biotinylated Complement C3 at -20<sup>0</sup>C or below.
- Opened unused strip wells may return to the foil pouch with the desiccant pack, reseal along zip-seal. May be stored for up to 1 month in a vacuum desiccator.

## Other Supplies Required

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
- Pipettes (1-20  $\mu$ l, 20-200  $\mu$ l, and multiple channel).
- Deionized or distilled reagent grade water.

## Sample Collection, Preparation and Storage

- **Plasma:** Collect plasma using one-tenth volume of 0.1 M sodium citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge samples at 2000 x g for 10 minutes and assay. Dilute samples 1:800 into MIX Diluent. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20<sup>0</sup>C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. (EDTA or Heparin can also be used as anticoagulant.)
- **Serum:** Samples should be collected into a serum separator tube. After clot formation, centrifuge samples at 2000 x g for 10 minutes. Remove serum and assay. Dilute samples 1:800 into MIX Diluent. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20<sup>0</sup>C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- **Cell Culture Supernatants:** Centrifuge cell culture media at 3000 x g for 10 minutes to remove debris. Collect supernatants and assay. Store samples at -20<sup>0</sup>C or below. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

## Reagent Preparation

- Freshly dilute all reagents and bring all reagents to room temperature before use. If crystals have formed in the concentrate, mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved.
- **Standard Curve:** Reconstitute the 120  $\mu$ g of Complement C3 Standard with 4 ml of MIX Diluent to generate a solution of 30  $\mu$ g/ml. Allow the standard to sit for 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Prepare triplicate standard points by serially diluting the standard solution (30  $\mu$ g/ml) 1:3 with MIX Diluent to produce 10, 3.33, 1.11, 0.37, 0.123, and 0.041  $\mu$ g/ml solutions. MIX Diluent serves as the zero standard (0  $\mu$ g/ml). Any remaining solution should be frozen at < -20<sup>0</sup>C.

Standard Point	Dilution	[Complement C3] ( $\mu\text{g/ml}$ )
P1	Standard (30 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ )	30.000
P2	1 part P1 + 2 parts MIX Diluent	10.000
P3	1 part P2 + 2 parts MIX Diluent	3.333
P4	1 part P3 + 2 parts MIX Diluent	1.111
P5	1 part P4 + 2 parts MIX Diluent	0.370
P6	1 part P5 + 2 parts MIX Diluent	0.123
P7	1 part P6 + 2 parts MIX Diluent	0.041
P8	MIX Diluent	0.000

- **Biotinylated Complement C3:** Dilute Biotinylated Complement C3 with 4 ml MIX Diluent to produce a working solution. Any remaining solution should be frozen at  $< -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- **MIX Diluent Concentrate (10x):** Dilute the MIX Diluent 1:10 with reagent grade water.
- **Wash Buffer Concentrate (10x):** Dilute the Wash Buffer Concentrate 1:10 with reagent grade water.
- **SP Conjugate (100x):** Spin down the SP Conjugate briefly and dilute the desired amount of the conjugate 1:100 with MIX Diluent.

## Assay Procedure

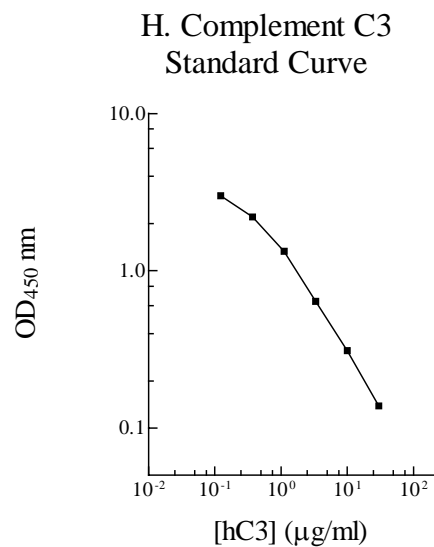
- Prepare all reagents, working standards and samples as instructed. Bring all reagents to room temperature before use. The assay is performed at room temperature ( $20-30^{\circ}\text{C}$ ).
- Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and return them immediately to the foil pouch with desiccant inside. Reseal the pouch securely to minimize exposure to water vapor and store in a vacuum desiccator.
- Add 25  $\mu\text{l}$  of standard or sample per well, and immediately add 25  $\mu\text{l}$  of Biotinylated Complement C3 to each well (on top of the Standard or sample) and mix gently. Cover wells with a sealing tape and incubate for TWO hours. Start the timer after the last sample addition.
- Wash five times with 200  $\mu\text{l}$  of Wash Buffer. Invert the plate and decant the contents, and hit it 4-5 times on absorbent paper towel to completely remove liquid at each step.
- Add 50  $\mu\text{l}$  of Streptavidin-Peroxidase Conjugate to each well and incubate for 30 minutes. Turn on the microplate reader and set up the program in advance.
- Wash five times with 200  $\mu\text{l}$  of Wash Buffer.
- Add 50  $\mu\text{l}$  of Chromogen Substrate per well and incubate for about 8 minutes or till the optimal blue color density develops. Gently tap plate to ensure thorough mixing and break the bubbles in the well with pipette tip.
- Add 50  $\mu\text{l}$  of Stop Solution to each well. The color will change from blue to yellow.
- Read the absorbance on a microplate reader at a wavelength of 450 nm **immediately**. Please note that after the reaction is stopped for about 10 minutes, some black particles may be generated at high concentration point, which will reduce the readings.

## Data Analysis

- Calculate the mean value of the triplicate readings for each standard and sample.
- To generate a Standard Curve, plot the graph using the standard concentrations on the x-axis and the corresponding mean 450 nm absorbance on the y-axis. The best-fit line can be determined by regression analysis using log-log or 4-parameter curve fit. Determine the unknown sample concentration from the Standard Curve and multiply the plasma or serum value by the dilution factor of 800.

## Standard Curve

- The curve is provided for illustration only. A standard curve should be generated each time the assay is performed.



## Precision, Sensitivity and Specificity

- The minimum detectable dose of complement C3 is typically 40 ng/ml.
- Intra-assay and inter-assay coefficients of variation were 4.8% and 7.3% respectively.
- No significant cross-reactivity or interference was observed.

## Recovery

<b>Standard Added Value</b>	0.1 – 2 ug/ml
<b>Recovery %</b>	80-105 %
<b>Average Recovery %</b>	92.5 %

## Linearity

<b>Sample Dilution</b>	<b>Average Percentage of Expected Value</b>	
	<b>Plasma</b>	<b>Serum</b>
<b>1:400</b>	102%	103%
<b>1:800</b>	95%	100%
<b>1:1600</b>	92%	93%

## References

1. Sahu A *et al.* (2001) *Immunol. Rev.* 180:35-48
2. Sacks S *et al.* 92003) *J Mol Med.* 81(7): 404-10
2. Ramos-Casals M *et al.* (2004) *Rheumatology (Oxford).*
3. Gardinali M *et al.* (1998) *Clin.Immunol.Immunopathol.* 87(3): 97-303

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